## In the Claims:

Kindly amend the claims as follows:

- 1. (cancelled) without prejudice.
- 2. (previously presented) The apparatus of claim 7, wherein the power source is a battery.
- 3. (previously presented) The apparatus of claim 7, wherein the power source is at least one solar cell.
  - 4. (currently amended) The apparatus of <u>claim 3</u> elaim 1, further comprising: a battery as a back-up power source to the at least one solar cell.
  - 5. (cancelled) without prejudice.
- 6. (previously presented) The apparatus of claim 7, further comprising a transmitter on the glasses and connected to the circuitry for transmitting signals from the circuitry to a remote receiver.
  - 7. (previously presented) Heart condition monitoring apparatus, comprising: a pair of glasses;
  - a plurality of light emitting diodes on the glasses for emitting light onto a surface;
  - a plurality of photosensors on the glasses for receiving reflected light;
- electronic circuitry on the glasses and connected to the plurality of photosensors for receiving signals from the plurality of photosensors;
- a power source on the glasses and connected to the plurality of light emitting diodes, the plurality of photosensors and the electronic circuitry for providing power; and

wherein the plurality of photosensors are positioned in a plane offset from the plane of light emission from the light emitting diodes,

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further comprising a plurality of lamps on the pair of glasses for indicating a sensed condition of a user.

- 8. (previously presented) The apparatus of claim 7, further comprising a display on lenses of the glasses for indicating the sensed condition of a user.
- 9. (previously presented) The apparatus of claim 7, wherein the display is a numerical display for indicating the user's heart rate and pulse rate.
- 10. (previously presented) The apparatus of claim 7, further comprising at least one button on the glasses for inputting the user's information.
  - 11. (original) Heart condition monitoring apparatus, comprising: a pair of glasses;
  - a plurality of light emitting diodes on the glasses for emitting light onto a surface;
  - a plurality of photosensors on the glasses for receiving reflected light;
  - a plurality of electrodes positioned on a user's body for determining heart rate;
  - a sensor on the user's wrist for determining pulse rate;
- a receiver on the glasses for receiving signals from the plurality of photosensors, from the plurality of electrodes and from the sensor; and
- a power source connected to the glasses for providing power to the plurality of light emitting diodes, the plurality of photosensors and the receiver.
  - 12. (original) The apparatus of claim 11, further comprising:
- a display on the lenses of the glasses for displaying signals transmitted by the receiver indicating a sensed condition of the user.
- 13. (original) The apparatus of claim 12, wherein the display is a numerical display for indicating the user's pulse rate and heart rate.

- 14. (original) The apparatus of claim 11, further comprising:a plurality of lamps on the glasses for indicating the sensed condition of the user.
- 15. (original) The apparatus of claim 11, wherein the sensor is connected to a watch.
- 16. (original) The apparatus of claim 11, wherein the plurality of photosensors are positioned in a plane offset from the plane of light emission from the light emitting diodes.
  - 17. (original) The apparatus of claim 11, wherein the power source is a battery.
- 18. (original) The apparatus of claim 11, wherein the power source is at least one solar cell.
  - 19. (original) The apparatus of claim 18, further comprising: a battery as a back-up power source to the at least one solar cell.
- 20. (original) The apparatus of claim 15, further comprising a radio transmitter on the watch for transmitting signals from the sensor to the receiver.
- 21. (original) The apparatus of claim 11, wherein the receiver is a signal discriminator chip.
  - 22. (previously presented) A method of monitoring heart condition, comprising: providing a pair of glasses;

emitting light onto a surface of a user by a plurality of light emitting diodes on the glasses;

receiving reflected light by a plurality of photosensors on the glasses;

determining changes in the amount of reflected light received by the photosensors;

transmitting a signal corresponding to the change in reflected light from the photosensors to circuitry on the glasses;

determining a user's condition by measuring changes in the signals received by the circuitry,

placing a sensor on the user's wrist;
sensing the user's pulse rate by the sensor; and
transmitting the pulse rate signal from the sensor to the circuitry on the glasses.

- 23. (original) The method of claim 22, further comprising inputting target conditions to the circuitry; comparing the sensed condition to the target condition; and indicating to the user the relation between the sensed condition and the target condition.
- 24. (previously presented) The method of claim 23, wherein the indicating to the user comprises displaying a lighted display on the lenses of the glasses.
- 25. (previously presented) The method of claim 23, wherein the indicating to the user comprises displaying a numerical display on the lenses of the glasses.
- 26. (previously presented) The method of claim 22, further comprising:
  sending the signal from the circuitry to a transmitter;
  sending the signal from the transmitter to a remote receiver;
  sending the signal from the remote receiver to a home computer;
  determining if the sensed condition exceeds the user's inputted target condition; and sending the signal from the home computer to a doctor's office through the Internet when the sensed condition exceeds the target condition.
  - 27. (previously presented) The method of claim 22, further comprising: sending the signal from the circuitry to a transmitter; sending the signal from the transmitter to a home computer;

determining if the sensed condition exceeds the user's inputted target condition by the home computer; and

dialing an emergency service by the home computer when the sensed condition exceeds the target condition.

- 28. (cancelled) without prejudice.
- 29. (previously presented) The method of claim 22, further comprising: placing a plurality of electrodes on the user; sensing the user's heart rate through the plurality of electrodes; and transmitting the heart rate signal from the plurality of electrodes to the circuitry on the glasses.
  - 30. (previously presented) Heart condition monitoring apparatus, comprising: a pair of glasses;
  - a plurality of light emitting diodes on the glasses for emitting light onto a surface;
  - a plurality of photosensors on the glasses for receiving reflected light;
- electronic circuitry on the glasses and connected to the plurality of photosensors for receiving signals from the plurality of photosensors; and
- a power source on the glasses and connected to the plurality of light emitting diodes, the plurality of photosensors and the electronic circuitry for providing power.
- 31. (previously presented) The apparatus of claim 30, wherein the plurality of photosensors are positioned in a plane offset from the plane of light emission from the light emitting diodes.

- 32. (previously presented) The apparatus of claim 30, further comprising a transmitter on the glasses and connected to the circuitry for transmitting signals from the circuitry to a remote receiver.
- 33. (previously presented) The apparatus of claim 30, further comprising a display on lenses of the glasses for indicating the sensed condition of a user.
- 34. (previously presented) The apparatus of claim 33, wherein the display is a numerical display for indicating the user's heart rate and pulse rate.
- 35. (previously presented) The apparatus of claim 30, further comprising at least one button on the glasses for inputting the user's information.
- 36. (previously presented) The apparatus of claim 30, wherein the power source is selected from the group consisting of batteries, solar cells, and combinations thereof.
  - 37. (previously presented) A method of monitoring heart condition, comprising: providing a pair of glasses;

emitting light onto a surface of a user by a plurality of light emitting diodes on the glasses;

receiving reflected light by a plurality of photosensors on the glasses;

determining changes in the amount of reflected light received by the photosensors;

transmitting a signal corresponding to the change in reflected light from the photosensors to circuitry on the glasses; and

determining a user's condition by measuring changes in the signals received by the circuitry.